

# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/934,797	08/22/2001	Raymond J. Gorte	GRI-00-023	9414	
7590 · 10/06/2003			EXAMINER	INER	
Pauley Petersen Kinne & Fejer			MERCADO, JULIAN A		
Suite 365 2800 West Higgins Road			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Hoffman Estate			1745		
			DATE MAILED: 10/06/200	DATE MAILED: 10/06/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

1	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/934,797	GORTE ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Julian A. Mercado	1745
The MAILING DATE of this communication : Period for Reply	appears on the cover she	et with the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may be arrived patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	N. R. 1.136(a). In no event, however, more reply within the statutory minimum find will apply and will expire SIX (6 atute, cause the application to become	nay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. ) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. me ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _	·	
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑	This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allo closed in accordance with the practice und		
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without	drawn from consideration	1.
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6) Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	dia a alcabia a accidente a	
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an Application Papers	d/or election requiremen	t.
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ ac	ccepted or b) objected to	by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to		
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on		disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required ir	• •	
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	eign priority under 35 U.S	S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a)☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:		
1. Certified copies of the priority docum		
2. Certified copies of the priority docum		
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a</li> </ul>	Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2	(a)).
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome	·	
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language 15)☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dom	provisional application h	as been received.
Attachment(s)	lestic priority under 55 0	
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(	5) 🔲 Noti	rview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) ce of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) er:

Art Unit: 1745

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 6, 7, 12-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for at least four carbons, e.g. butane, does not reasonably provide enablement for the instant "at least two carbon atoms" (see dependent claim 6, 12). The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 2 and 6-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Park et al. (Nature 404, 265-267, March 2000)

Regarding independent claim 1 and dependent claims 2 and 6-8, Park et al. teaches a solid oxide fuel cell wherein a dry fluid fuel such as n-butane or methane, *inter alia*, is contacted

Art Unit: 1745

to the anode electrode. (page 2, also applies to dependent claims 6-8) The voltage potential is 0.4 V for dry n-butane. (page 3, applies to dependent claim 2)

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3-5 and 9-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Park et al. as applied to claims 1, 2 and 6-8 above.

The teachings of Park et al. are discussed above and are applied to independent claim 11 and dependent claims where noted. Park further teaches that the anode electrode comprises a porous YSZ layer of Cu-ceria. (page 2, applies to dependent claims 3-5) The Cu is at 40% and the ceria is at 20% by weight. (page 1, applies to dependent claims 9-10)

Regarding claims 3 and 11-16, as to a melting point of less than about 1550 °C, the Cu metal specifically disclosed by Park et al. would naturally flow to inherently have the same melting point of the Cu metal as claimed, absent of a showing by applicant that the claimed invention distinguishes over the reference. *In re* Best, 195 USPQ at 433, footnote 4 (CCPA 1977) and *In re Spada*, 15 USPQ 2d 1655 (Fed. Cir. 1990) A melting point of less than about

Art Unit: 1745

1550 °C of the Cu metal disclosed in Park et al. is an inherent property per se.

## **Double Patenting**

Claims 1-7, 10-13, 15 and 16 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of double patenting over claims 6-11 of U. S. Patent No. 6,589,680 B1 (hereinafter the '680 patent) since the claims, if allowed, would improperly extend the "right to exclude" already granted in the patent.

The subject matter claimed in the instant application is fully disclosed in the patent and is covered by the patent since the patent and the application are claiming common subject matter, as seen in claims 6-11 of the '680 patent.

Furthermore, there is no apparent reason why applicant was prevented from presenting claims corresponding to those of the instant application during prosecution of the application which matured into a patent. See *In re Schneller*, 397 F.2d 350, 158 USPQ 210 (CCPA 1968). See also MPEP § 804.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

Art Unit: 1745

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Murray et al. (Nature 400, 649-651, August 1999) is cited to teach dry oxidation of hydrocarbons in SOFCs. U.S. Pat. 6,214,485 B1 to Barnett et al. is cited for similar reasons.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Julian A. Mercado whose telephone number is (703) 305-0511.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Patrick J. Ryan, can be reached on (703) 308-2383. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

Patrick Ryan Supervisory Patent Examiner Technology Center 1700

Mam am